

This disclosure provides information about the business practices, compensation and conflicts of interest related to the brokerage business of CUSO Financial Services, LP (referred to as "we," "us," or "CFS".) Additional information about CFS and our financial professionals is available on FINRA's website at brokercheck.finra.org.

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Item 1 Introduction

CFS is a broker-dealer registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). CFS is also registered as an investment adviser with the SEC. In addition, CFS is qualified to sell insurance products in all 50 states. As a broker-dealer, CFS transacts business in various types of securities, including mutual funds, exchange-traded funds (ETFs), stocks, bonds, commodities, options, private and public partnerships, variable annuities, real estate investment trusts (REITs) and other investment products.

CFS maintains a network of individuals, referred to as "financial professionals", who operate from the premises of unaffiliated financial institutions, credit unions or banks, through a networking arrangement with CFS. The financial professionals offer brokerage services, investment advisory services, or both, depending on their licenses. Most of CFS's financial professionals are investment adviser representatives (IARs) of CFS and a limited amount are an IAR with non-affiliated third-party investment adviser. CFS sometimes refers to these specific financial professionals as "financial advisors" or " investment advisors." CFS's financial professionals are in most cases either employed by the financial institution or they are CFS employees. CFS financial professionals are dispersed throughout the U.S.

Although most of our financial professionals offer both brokerage and investment advisory services, some only offer brokerage services. When you are discussing services with one of our financial professionals, you should ask in what capacity the financial professional is acting or will be acting - as a broker-dealer registered representative and/or an IAR - when providing services to you. This disclosure discusses important information regarding financial professionals who act as broker-dealer registered representatives of CFS. For more information about CFS and the services that financial professionals provide when they act as IARs, please see our [Form ADV](#) disclosure brochure available on cusonet.com/disclosures or, in the case of a financial professional who is associated with a third-party investment adviser, please refer to adviserinfo.sec.gov or contact that investment adviser for a copy of its Form ADV. For additional information on which type of investment account is right for you, please see our [Form CRS](#) (Customer Relationship Summary) also available on cusonet.com/disclosures.

Like all financial services providers, CFS and our financial professionals have conflicts of interest. CFS and our financial professionals are compensated directly by customers and indirectly from the investments made by customers. When customers pay us, we typically get paid an upfront commission or sales load at the time of the transaction and in some cases a deferred sales charge. If we are paid an upfront commission, it means that we are paid more the more transactions a customer makes and/or the larger the transactions. When we are paid indirectly from the investments made by customers, we receive ongoing compensation, typically called a "trail" payment, for as long as a customer holds an investment. In addition, we receive compensation from the sponsors of some of the investment products we offer. The amount we receive varies depending on the particular type of investment purchased. The compensation described in this disclosure represents the maximum gain or profit we receive on an investment, before deduction of our expenses.

Please also note that not all of the conflicts described in this disclosure apply to a particular financial professional, his/her services or all the products we offer. The types and amounts of compensation we receive change over time. Further, financial professionals may be paid in different manners. You should ask your financial professional if you have any questions about compensation, costs, fees, or conflicts of interest.

Item 2 Commissions, Fees, and Other Types of Sales Compensation

Commissions and Sales Charges

CFS receives upfront commissions when it executes transactions that result in the purchase or sale of a security. A commission, which also may be called a sales load, sales charge or placement fee, is typically paid at the time of the sale and can reduce the amount available to invest or can be charged directly against an investment. Commissions are often based on the amount of assets invested. CFS receives the sales charge or commission and shares it with the financial institution in the cases where the financial professional is an employee of the financial institution. The financial institution then pays your financial professional. Alternatively, when the financial professional is an employee of CFS, or an independent contractor, we pay them directly. In some cases, a portion of the sales charge or commission is retained by the investment's sponsor. Commissions vary from product to product, which creates an incentive to sell a higher commission product rather than a lower commission product. The maximum and typical commissions for common investment products are listed below. For more information about other commissions that apply to a particular transaction, please refer to the applicable investment's prospectus or other offering document.

- **Equities and Other Exchange Traded Securities** – The maximum commission charged by CFS in an agency capacity on an exchange traded security transaction, such as an equity, option, ETF, exchange traded note (ETN,) or closed-end fund (CEF) is .5 % of the transaction amount plus \$750. The commission amount decreases from 2.5% as the size of the transaction amount increases according to a schedule. In addition, a financial professional can decide to discount the commission amount to a minimum of \$50 per transaction.
- **Mutual Funds and 529s** – The maximum commission or sales charge permitted under applicable rules is 8.5%, although the sales charge typically does not exceed 5.75%.
- **Annuities** – The maximum upfront commission paid for new sales of annuities is typically 7.5%, but varies depending on the contract length purchased, and type of annuity, such as fixed, fixed index, and traditional and investment-only variable annuities.
- **Alternative Investments** – For alternative investment products, such as non-traded business development companies (BDCs), or real estate investment trusts (REITs), the upfront sales load is as high as 5.5%.
- **Unit Investment Trusts (U/Ts)** – The maximum upfront sales charge paid typically ranges from 1.35% to 3.50% and will depend on the length of the term of the UIT.

Markups and Markdowns - Principal or Dealer Transactions

When CFS sells to or buys from you a bond or other fixed income security such as a structured product in a principal capacity, CFS sells the security directly to you or buys it directly from you, rather than acting as your agent to buy or sell the security from a third party. These transactions are also known as "dealer transactions." In these circumstances, if we sell a bond at a price higher than what we paid for it, we will earn a markup. Conversely, if we buy a bond from you at a price lower than what we sell it for, we will earn a markdown. Transactions in bonds and other fixed-income securities such as structured products often occur as dealer transactions. The maximum markup/markdown on a transaction with a customer that we receive when acting in a principal capacity typically does not exceed 2.5% of the value of the security. On rare occasions, a markup/markdown may exceed 2.75% on a deeply discounted security. In many cases, the actual markup/markdown percentage is lower based on factors such as quantity, price, type of security, rating, and maturity, etc.

Direct Fees and Charges

CFS is an introducing broker and carries all brokerage accounts and clears all securities transactions on a fully disclosed basis through Pershing LLC, our clearing and custodial firm. CFS also has an agreement with Quasar Distributors for the provision of fully disclosed carrying services for mutual funds.

If you hold an account through CFS with one of our custodial firms, you will be charged miscellaneous fees directly to your account such as fees for transaction processing, account transfers, and retirement account maintenance which are standard and customary. We mark up and receive a portion of many of the fees charged by Pershing and the IRA custodial fee charged by Quasar. For direct fees that apply per transaction, CFS and our custodial firms receive more fees the more transactions that result from a financial professional's recommendations. These direct fees and charges are set out in the Pershing and Quasar fee schedules and are not shared with our financial professionals and are not charged by CFS and our custodial firms if you hold an account directly with a product sponsor rather than with a CFS custodial firm.

Item 3 Third-Party Compensation

CFS and the financial institution and/or the financial professionals receive compensation from investment product sponsors and other third parties in connection with investments that CFS customers make in securities such as mutual funds, annuities, and alternative investments. Certain types of third-party compensation are received by CFS and shared with the financial institutions and/or our financial professionals, and other types are retained only by CFS. For more information about the third-party compensation CFS receives, the investment product sponsors and other third parties that pay CFS the compensation, and related conflicts of interest, please see our [Investment Products and Services Overview](#) at cusonet.com/disclosures.

Third-Party Compensation Shared by CFS with Financial Institution and/or our Financial Professionals

Trail Compensation

CFS and its financial professionals receive ongoing compensation from certain investment products such as mutual funds, annuities and alternative investments. This compensation (commonly known as trails or Rule 12b-1 fees) is typically paid from the assets of the investment product under a distribution or servicing arrangement with the investment sponsor and is calculated as an annual percentage of assets invested by CFS customers. The more assets you invest in the product, the more we will be paid in these fees. Therefore, we have an incentive to encourage you to purchase a product offered by a sponsor who shares a portion of their compensation with us or increase the size of your investment. The amount of trails received varies by product. This creates an incentive to recommend a product that pays a higher trail rather than a lower trail. We also have an incentive to recommend product that pays trails (regardless of amount) rather than products that do not pay trails. For more information about trail compensation received with respect to a particular investment, please refer to the prospectus or offering document for the investment.

- **Mutual Funds and 529s** – The ongoing payment depends on the class of shares but is typically between 0.25% and 1% of assets annually.
- **Annuities** – CFS receives a trail payment from an insurance company for the promotion, sale and servicing of a policy. The amount and timing of trail payments vary depending on the agreement between CFS and the issuer, and the type of policy purchased. The maximum trail payment for annuities is typically 1.25% and varies depending on the type of annuity.
- **Alternative Investments** – For alternative investment products trail payments may be as high as 1.00% on an annual basis which terminated after a specified number of years and varies per product.

Concessions and Mutual Fund Finder's Fee

In certain cases, CFS and our financial professionals receive compensation from a mutual fund sponsor in connection with transactions for which sales charges are waived or under other circumstances and as described in a fund's prospectus. This compensation is generally referred to as a finder's fee or concession and typically ranges between 0.25% and 1% of the transaction amount. CFS also receives concessions from investment sponsors for other types of investments. These concessions vary from product to product and are generally shared between CFS and our financial professionals. Concessions can be as high as 0.05% of the transaction amount for new issues of certificates of deposit, municipal bonds and other short-term dated bonds, and up to 3.75% of the transaction amount for structured products.

Life Insurance

CFS receives compensation from issuers of life insurance (universal, variable universal, whole life, and term) and other insurance contracts that are available to our customers. The compensation includes commissions and trails and for some issuers, includes payments for administrative services that CFS provides. Payments can also be made in connection with CFS's marketing, education and training efforts, including CFS conferences and events. CFS and/or our affiliated insurance agency, CFS Insurance & Technology Services, LLC (CITS), receive commissions in the range of 3% to 120% of first-year commissionable premiums. CFS may also receive a trail payment in the range of 1% to 25% of subsequent premiums, if any. The amount of commission varies depending on the issuer, coverage and the premium amount. For business placed through CITS, CFS pays CITS an override of 15%. Financial institutions and/or our financial professionals receive a percentage of the commissions and trailing commissions an insurance company pays to CFS. We also receive additional compensation from certain insurance companies when CITS sales of the companies' products exceed premium thresholds specified in selling agreements with CFS and/or CITS.

Lastly, when our financial professionals use an Independent Marketing Organization (IMO) with which CITS has a contract, we receive the additional compensation from the IMO rather than from the insurance company. This additional compensation from the IMO can apply to transactions where the financial professional is paid directly from the insurance company.

Bonus Payments from Investment Sponsors

Certain insurance companies offer our financial professionals bonus payments, often times called persistency or retention bonuses, based on the amount of customer assets that the financial professional has placed in the insurance company's products. Although CFS does not participate in these bonus programs CFS may from time to time accept and share these payments on a one-time basis with a financial professional who recently joined CFS and was entitled to such payments through the financial professional's former brokerage firm.

Non-Cash Compensation

CFS and our financial professionals receive non-cash compensation from investment sponsors that is not in connection with any particular customer or investment. Compensation includes such items as gifts valued at less than

\$100 annually, an occasional dinner or ticket to a sporting event, or reimbursement for expenses in connection with educational meetings, customer workshops or events, or marketing or advertising initiatives, including services for identifying prospective customers. Investment sponsors also pay or reimburse CFS and/or our financial professionals, for the costs associated with education or training events that may be attended by CFS employees and financial professionals and for CFS sponsored conferences and events.

Third-Party Compensation Retained by CFS

Pershing Clearing Relationship

When Pershing is the custodian of your account, Pershing automatically moves (sweeps) the cash in your account into money market funds and/or FDIC insured bank deposit accounts depending on your account type. All retail accounts default to the bank deposit account and all business accounts default to a money market fund. Pershing retains some of the interest paid on the bank deposit account, or shareholder servicing fees paid on the money market fund and pays a portion of that to CFS. These payments to CFS are called “distribution assistance” and they vary based on the bank deposit account or money market fund for which you are placed. CFS does determine the interest rates paid on bank deposit accounts but does not determine the shareholder servicing fees paid on money market funds, or the amount or percentage of distribution payments that it will receive. When interest rates are low, or in the event of a regulatory change, Pershing reserves the right to reduce or discontinue its distribution assistance payments to CFS.

CFS’s receipt of distribution assistance payments, and ability to determine the interest rates paid on bank deposits, creates a conflict of interest because CFS has an incentive to recommend or make available money market funds and FDIC insured bank deposit accounts with higher distribution assistance payments over those with lower payments. CFS mitigates this conflict through disclosure in this brochure. CFS does not share distribution assistance payments with our financial professionals.

Pershing also pays fees to CFS, or shares fees it earns with CFS, for the following items:

- Transition assistance in the form of reimbursement of IRA termination fees of up to \$165 per account for a retirement account transferred to Pershing and up to \$125 per retail account for retail accounts transferred to Pershing;
- A growth assistance credit for seven years to support, service, and grow brokerage assets on the Pershing platform;
- A portion of certain brokerage account services and custodial fees charged to customer accounts that exceeds the amount that we are required to pay Pershing for such services, including account transfer fees, IRA custodial and termination fees, paper confirm and statement fees, inactive (custodial) account fees, retirement account maintenance fees, and margin interest.
- A portion of shareholder servicing fees from certain mutual fund sponsors as part of their FundVest® No Transaction Fee program (FundVest) as described below.

In the FundVest program, Pershing receives shareholder servicing fees from participating funds and a portion of those fees are shared with CFS. Our receipt of a portion of the FundVest funds’ service fees creates a conflict of interest because we have an incentive to invest your assets or to recommend that you purchase or hold these mutual funds that pay fees to CFS over other funds that do not pay these fees. We do not share these fees with our financial professionals.

Most FundVest funds have higher internal expenses than funds that are not in the FundVest program, and the share classes of funds in the program have higher internal expenses than share classes not in the program. The higher internal expenses will reduce the long-term performance of an account when compared to an account that holds lower-

cost share classes of the same fund. FundVest funds held less than six months are also subject to a short-term redemption fee of \$50. Further information regarding mutual fund fees and charges is available in the applicable mutual fund prospectus. For a list of funds participating in the FundVest program, please contact us or your financial professional.

Revenue Sharing Payments

CFS receives revenue sharing payments from investment sponsors who participate in CFS's sponsorship programs called the Partners Program. Investment sponsors make these payments to incentivize CFS to promote their products, and the sponsors receive preferential treatment as a result of the payment. Preferences include supporting CFS's product marketing, education and training efforts for financial professionals so that investment sponsors can communicate with financial professionals and employees and promote their products. These payments are typically calculated as a fixed fee, as an annual percentage of the amount of assets invested, as a percentage of annual new sales, or as a combination of the foregoing.

- **Mutual Funds** – CFS receives compensation of up to 0.032% on an annual basis of customer assets invested with certain mutual fund families and up to 0.20% on sales. In some cases, CFS also receives flat annual payments at the discretion of certain fund sponsors as support for CFS's product marketing and the education and training efforts for financial professionals in connection with the sale of their products.
- **Variable Annuities** – CFS receives compensation up to 0.25% annually based on sales.
- **Fixed Annuities** – CFS receives payments of up to 0.25% annually on sales.
- **Fixed Index Annuities** – CFS receives payments of up to 0.75% annually on sales.
- **Alternative Investments** – For certain alternative investments, CFS receives compensation directly from the investment sponsor, and not as a portion of the upfront commission or trail. These fees can be paid on an annual basis of up to 0.35% of customer assets invested and up to 1.00% of sales in alternative investments, such as managed futures funds, non-traded REITs, and BDCs.
- **UITs** – CFS receives fees, often referred to as volume concessions, from UIT sponsors that are based on a percentage of sales volume. These fees are set by the UIT sponsor and vary. The UIT prospectus contains detailed descriptions of these additional payments.

As part of our Partners Program, we prepare and make available to our financial professionals a quarterly list of Partners' mutual funds and ETFs that have been screened for investment performance against other Partners' funds with similar objectives and asset classes (the "Select Fund List" or "List"). CFS and our financial professionals have a conflict of interest when a financial professional chooses or recommends an investment from the Select Fund List for your portfolio because CFS receives revenue sharing fees from the mutual fund or ETF sponsor. Our receipt of revenue sharing fees influences our selection of mutual funds and ETFs, as our financial professionals are likely to recommend a fund or ETF whose sponsor pays us revenue sharing fees over a fund or ETF whose sponsor does not pay us.

Investment sponsors pay CFS different amounts of revenue sharing and receive different levels of benefits for such payments. Because these fees can vary by fund and share class of a fund, CFS has an incentive to recommend a fund or share class that pays more in revenue sharing than a fund or share class that pays a lower amount. CFS does not share these revenue sharing payments with financial professionals.

Ad Hoc Reporting

CFS receives up to \$5,000 per sponsor annually from various mutual fund, ETF and annuity investment sponsors in exchange for access to business intelligence and ad hoc reporting relating to financial professionals.

Collateralized Lending Arrangements

CFS offers a program that enables customers to collateralize certain investment accounts to obtain secured loans through a program we offer through Pershing called LoanAdvance. In LoanAdvance, customers are charged a rate of interest equal to the prime rate for all loan amounts. Neither CFS nor the financial professional receives a portion of this fee. LoanAdvance may not be appropriate for all investors and the risks should be carefully evaluated. You may be required to deposit additional funds or marginable securities into your account. CFS and our financial professionals have an incentive to recommend that customers borrow money rather than liquidating some of their account assets so that CFS and our financial professional can continue to receive brokerage commissions and fees on those assets.

We also offer Pershing's Fully Paid Securities Lending program, which enables qualified customers to lend fully paid-for securities to Pershing. Pershing earns revenue from lending these securities and a portion of that revenue is shared with the customer, CFS and your financial professional. CFS and your financial professional shares in 5% of the revenue received. We have an incentive to encourage customers to hold a security in their account rather than liquidate it so that we and our financial professionals can continue to receive compensation.

Item 4 Product Costs and Related Conflicts

Our financial professionals provide recommendations with respect to a broad range of investment products, including stocks, bonds, ETFs, mutual funds, annuities, and alternative investments. Each type of investment product carries unique risks, and many investment products charge fees and costs that are separate from and in addition to the commissions and fees CFS and our financial professionals receive. You can learn more about these risks and the fees and costs charged by an investment product by reviewing the investment product's prospectus, offering memorandum, or other disclosure documents. Below is a summary of the typical range of expenses of the various investment products we sell. In most cases, these expenses are in addition to the commissions and fees that CFS receives for our brokerage services.

- **ETFs** – The expense ratios range from 0.05% to 1.0%, with an average expense ratio of around 0.44%.
- **Mutual Funds** – Expense ratios can vary based on the type of mutual fund purchased. The average expense ratio for actively managed funds is 0.5% to 1.5%.
- **Annuities** – The typical range of annual expenses associated with annuities is 0.60% to 5.00% dependent upon the combination of options selected by the investor including the type of annuity (variable annuities have a mortality and expense fee whereas fixed index annuities do not), optional riders elected (living and/or death benefits), and investment options where applicable (subaccounts or models for variable annuities).
- **Alternative investments** – The typical range of annual expenses, excluding any commissions or dealer manager fees, is 0.80% to 6.00% which may include management fees, acquisition fees, disposition fees, performance participation fees, organization and offering fees, acquired fund fees and expenses, or interest payments on borrowed funds.
- **UITs** – Typical annual operating expenses for UITs range from 0.20% to 0.40%. Equity UITs usually comprise the low end of the range while UITs whose trust consist of a basket of closed-end funds typically comprise the high end of the range.

Share Class and Fund Selection

CFS offers various share classes of mutual funds and 529s. As an example, certain mutual fund share classes, often referred to as Class A shares, charge an upfront sales charge and an ongoing trail. For other mutual fund share classes, often titled Class C shares, there is no upfront sale charge paid, however, there is an ongoing trail payment and a contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) to the customer if there is a redemption within a certain period of time

after purchase. Depending on the length of the holding period for the mutual fund or 529, and other factors, one share class may be less expensive to you than another, and CFS and your financial professional may earn more or less in compensation for one share class than another. Because of their characteristics and sales load structure, mutual funds generally are longer term investments. Frequent purchases and sales of mutual funds can result in significant sales charges unless the transactions are limited to exchanges among mutual funds offered by a sponsor that permits exchanges without additional sales charges. CFS maintains policies and procedures that are designed to detect and prevent excessive mutual fund switching, but you should monitor your account and discuss with your financial professional any frequent mutual fund purchases and sales.

Some share classes or funds we offer do not charge or pay to us an upfront sales charge and pay us ongoing trails of 0.25% or less annually ("no-load funds"). CFS generally does not make no-load funds available. Because of the limited compensation from no-load funds, we have an incentive to limit the availability of no-load funds we offer and to recommend you invest in funds that impose sales charges and trails.

CFS offers various mutual funds and ETFs, some of which have similar or identical investment strategies but differing fee structures. For example, a mutual fund that is designed to track an index of securities, such as the S&P 500 Index, may have higher or different types of fees than an ETF that is designed to track the same index. Whether a fund or ETF is more expensive than another fund or ETF with a similar or identical investment strategy may depend on factors such as length of holding, size of the initial investment and other factors. CFS and your financial professional may earn more compensation for one fund or ETF than another, giving CFS and your financial professional an incentive to recommend the product that pays more compensation to us.

Product-Related Compensation Conflicts

Our financial professionals offer a wide array of investment types to meet your needs. Within each investment type, there are many specific products that a financial professional can recommend. For instance, there are many mutual funds options, some of which have similar investing strategies, performance, and portfolios. The compensation we receive differs from product to product, and we can receive different compensation from different product sponsors in the same product type. This creates a conflict of interest for us because we have an incentive to sell you a higher commission or fee product rather than a lower commission product. Information regarding the specific fees you pay for a transaction is found on the trade confirmation receive. Additional information about the fees a product sponsor pays us and your financial professional is found in the prospectus or offering materials that are provided to you.

We will make recommendations to you based on (a) the information you provide and (b) our assessment of a product's or service's potential risks, rewards, and costs. If you would like to know why a recommendation was made, please ask your financial professional. When your financial professional recommends a particular product to you, he or she is recommending that specific product because he or she has determined that the recommendation is in your best interest at the time of the recommendation, based on the information you have provided and your financial professional's assessment of the product's or service's potential risks, rewards, and costs. It is your responsibility to update and keep the information that you provide to us and your financial professional accurate. Additionally, if you choose not to follow a recommendation made by us or your financial professional, you are fully responsible for the potential risks and losses that can result from your decision, including any result that is not in accordance with the best interest standard.

Item 5 Customer Referrals, Other Compensation and Conflicts

Mutual Fund Platforms

If purchasing mutual funds through CFS' two custodial firms, Pershing and Quasar (fundVISION accounts), a customer's fees may vary. The fees a customer will pay and the range of investment products and services that will be available to a customer will differ depending on whether a customer opens a Pershing account or a fundVISION account. If you invest only in mutual funds, you will generally pay lower fees (e.g., transaction fees, IRA custodial fees,

inactive account fees) if you open a fundVISION account than if you open a Pershing account. CFS will likely receive greater compensation if you invest through a Pershing account than if you invested through a fundVISION account. This creates an incentive for CFS to recommend a Pershing account over a fundVISION account for investing in mutual funds. You should also understand that, although you may pay higher fees to invest in mutual funds through a Pershing account than through a fundVISION account, Pershing accounts offer a wider range of investment products (not just mutual funds) and services than do fundVISION accounts, which only offer mutual funds. None of these fees for either platform are shared with your financial professional. If you invest in mutual funds through a direct product provider, you would be subject to their fee schedule and any such fees are not shared with CFS.

Margin

CFS offers customers the ability to purchase securities on credit, also known as margin purchases through Pershing brokerage accounts. When a customer purchases security on margin, Pershing extends a line of credit to the customer and charges interest on the margin balance. CFS has a financial incentive to encourage margin borrowing because CFS earns compensation from Pershing in the form of interest, transaction charges and other fees on investments made with borrowed amounts. That financial incentive creates a conflict of interest insofar as CFS benefits from your decision to borrow and incur the various fees and interest described above. If contemplating use of margin, please consult the CFS/Pershing Margin Agreement and related disclosures for additional details including risks associated with margin, eligibility requirements and costs. None of these fees derived from margin accounts are shared with your financial professional.

Error Corrections

If a customer holds an account through CFS at Pershing or Quasar (fundVision) and a trade error caused by CFS occurs in the account, CFS will cancel the trade and remove the resulting monetary loss to a customer from the account. If a trade correction is required as a result of a customer (e.g., if a customer does not make full payment for purchases or fails to deliver negotiable securities for liquidations before trade settlement), CFS will cancel the trade and any resulting monetary loss will be borne by the customer. In the case of a trade that requires a correction and that resulted in a monetary gain to the customer, such gain may be removed from the account and may result in a financial benefit to CFS.

Rollovers

If a customer decides to roll assets out of a retirement plan, such as a 401(k) plan, and into an individual retirement account (IRA), we have a financial incentive to recommend that a customer invests those assets through CFS, because we will be paid on those assets, for example, through commissions, fees, and/or third party payments. A customer should be aware that such fees and commissions likely will be higher than those the customer pays through their plan, and there can be custodial and other maintenance fees. As securities held in a retirement plan generally cannot be transferred to an IRA, commissions and sales charges may be charged when liquidating such securities prior to the transfer, in addition to commissions and sales charges previously paid on transactions in the plan.

Limitations on Investment Products and Services Offered by Your Financial Professional

CFS and our financial professionals offer and recommend investment products only from investment sponsors with which CFS has entered into selling and distribution agreements. Other firms may offer products and services not available through CFS or the same or similar investment products and services at lower cost. In addition, CFS may only offer certain products in a brokerage account, even though there is a version of the product that may be offered at a lower cost through an advisory account, and vice versa. The scope of products and services offered by certain financial professionals may also be more limited than what is available through other financial professionals. A financial professional's ability to offer individual products and services depends on his/ her licensing and training or firm office policy restrictions. For example, a financial professional maintaining a Series 6, Series 63, and life insurance agent license is limited to providing investment company securities, such as mutual funds and UITs and variable annuity contracts. A financial professional maintaining a Series 7, Series 63, and life insurance agent license is able to

provide solutions including all securities available for sale by a Series 6 representative as well as individual stocks, bonds, and alternative investments, among others. As another example, a financial professional may only be licensed to provide brokerage services, and not advisory services, or vice versa. To provide investment advisory services, a financial professional is often required to be registered as an IAR with the state in which the financial professional has a place of business.

You should ask your financial professional about the securities or services he or she is licensed or qualified to sell, and his or her ability to service investments that you transfer to CFS from another firm. You should also review the licenses held by your financial professional by visiting the FINRA BrokerCheck system at brokercheck.finra.org.

Item 6 Financial Professional Compensation, Fees, and Related Conflicts

Arrangements with Banks and Credit Unions

Our financial professionals offer brokerage and advisory services to customers of unaffiliated financial institutions, like banks and credit unions. Some of the financial professionals are employed by the financial institution and others are employed by CFS; a few are independent contractors. CFS shares compensation with the financial institution, including a portion of the commissions and fees the financial professional generates. Where the financial professional is employed by the financial institution, the financial professional is compensated (e.g., in the form of salary, bonus, compensation based on commissions, etc.) by the financial institution in accordance with the terms agreed upon between the financial institution and the financial professional and approved by CFS (which vary depending on each financial institution and employee). Where the financial professional is not an employee of the financial institution, the financial professional is compensated in accordance with the terms agreed upon between CFS and the financial institution, which may vary depending on roles and responsibilities of the financial professionals. Whether employed by the financial institution or CFS, the amount of compensation paid to the financial professional is typically between 25% to 45% and with the financial institution receiving between 0% to 100% (depending on which entity is paying the financial professional and the type and volume of investment product sales) of the commissions and ongoing trail payments that CFS receives in connection with the investments. In either case, compensation can vary depending on the investment product or service recommended. The financial institution can limit the types of products and services that may be sold by a financial professional.

Cash Compensation

CFS typically pays the financial institution and/or the financial representative a percentage of the revenue that the financial professional generates from sales of products and services conducted remotely or on the financial institution premises. The percentage received can vary (amounts noted above) depending on agreements between CFS and the financial institution as well as the investment product or service provided and can be more or less than the compensation paid at another brokerage firm. The payments can include a bonus that is based on the amount of assets serviced or revenue generated by the financial professional. When compensation is based on the level of production or assets, the financial professional has a financial incentive to meet those production or asset levels. CFS, and the financial institution, has an obligation to supervise financial professionals and may decide to terminate a financial professional's association with CFS and/or the financial institution based on performance, a disciplinary event or other factors. The amount of revenue a financial professional generates creates a conflict of interest when considering whether to terminate a financial professional.

Other Benefits

Financial Institutions and financial professionals are eligible to receive other benefits based on the revenue generated from sales of products and services. These benefits present a conflict of interest because a financial institution and the financial professional have an incentive to remain with CFS in order to maintain these benefits. These benefits include eligibility for practice management support and enhanced service support levels that confer a variety of benefits, conferences (e.g., for education, networking, training, and personal and professional development), and other non-

cash compensation. These benefits also include free or reduced cost marketing materials, reimbursement or credits of fees that financial institutions and/or financial professionals pay to CFS for items such as administrative services or technology.

Fees Charged to Financial Professionals

CFS charges our financial institution and/or the financial professionals various fees including trade execution, administrative services, insurance, certain outside business activity related supervision, technology and licensing. Depending on the situation, these fees make it more or less profitable for a financial professional to offer and recommend certain services or products over others. In certain cases, these fees are reduced based on a financial professional's overall business production or the amount of assets serviced by the financial professional, which gives the financial professional an incentive to recommend that you invest more in your account or engage in more frequent transactions.

Recruitment Compensation and Operational Assistance

If a financial institution recently became associated with CFS after working with another financial services firm, the financial institution may receive compensation for transition assistance from CFS in connection with the transition. In many cases, this transition assistance includes payments from CFS that are commonly intended to assist a financial institution and/or their financial professional(s) with costs associated with the transition; however, CFS does not verify that all payments made are actually used for transition costs. In certain situations involving the transfer of customer accounts from a third party platform to CFS's platform, existing financial institution is eligible to receive a flat-dollar amount of to assist with offsetting the estimated time and expense he/she incurs to complete the account transfer process, as well as, replacing marketing and sales material with the new disclosure information.

The amount of recruitment compensation is often significant in relation to the overall revenue earned or compensation received by the financial institution. Such payments are generally based on the size of the financial institution's business established at the prior firm, for example, a percentage of the revenue earned, or assets serviced at the prior firm, or on the size of the assets that transition to CFS. The receipt of this compensation creates a conflict of interest in that the financial institution has a financial incentive to recommend that a customer open and maintain an account with CFS for advisory, brokerage and/or insurance services, and to recommend switching investment products or services where a customer's current investment options are not available through CFS, in order to receive the this type of benefit or payment.

A Financial Professional's Outside Business Activities

Financial professionals are permitted to engage in certain CFS-approved outside business activities other than the providing of brokerage and advisory services through CFS, and in certain cases, a financial professional receives more compensation, benefits and non-cash compensation through an outside business activity than through CFS. Some financial professionals are real estate agents, insurance agents, or tax preparers, and some financial professionals refer customers to other service providers and receive referral fees. As an example, a financial professional could provide advisory or financial planning services through an unaffiliated investment advisory firm.

In addition, a financial professional may sell insurance through an insurance agency not affiliated with CFS. In those circumstances, the financial professional would be subject to the policies and procedures of the third-party insurance agency related to the sale of insurance products and would have different conflicts of interest than when acting on behalf of CFS. A financial professional may receive compensation, benefits and non-cash compensation through the third-party insurance agency and may have an incentive to recommend you purchase insurance products away from CFS.

If you contract with a financial professional for services separate or away from CFS, you may wish to discuss with them any questions you have about the compensation they receive from the engagement. Additional information about a financial professional's outside business activities is available on FINRA's website at [brokercheck.finra.org](https://www.brokercheck.finra.org).

Compensation for Other Services

CFS and our financial professionals can offer various types of advisory and brokerage programs, platforms and services, and earn differing types and amounts of compensation depending on the type of service, program or platform in which you participate. This variation in compensation can incentivize a financial professional to recommend services, programs or platforms that generate more compensation for CFS and the financial professional than others. For example, if you expect to trade securities frequently in your account, a brokerage account in which you pay a commission for each transaction may generate more compensation for your financial professional than an advisory account that generates compensation in the form of investment advisory fees.

Item 7 Massachusetts Fiduciary Rule

Massachusetts Securities Division has adopted amendments to its regulations as they relate to the standard of conduct applicable to broker-dealers and agents (“MA Fiduciary Rule”). In accordance with the MA Fiduciary Rule, we and our financial professionals will act without regard to the financial or other interest of any party (including our own) other than the customer when making an investment recommendation to covered Massachusetts customers. Covered customers are defined as current and prospective customers including both natural and non-natural persons that do not qualify as institutional buyers. Additionally, we will disclose all material conflicts of interest and have made and will continue to make all reasonably practicable efforts to avoid conflicts of interest, eliminate conflicts that cannot reasonably be avoided, and mitigate conflicts that cannot reasonably be avoided or eliminated. The MA Fiduciary Rule does not impose an ongoing fiduciary duty beyond the time that a recommendation is made unless we have: (1) discretionary authority in an account (excluding discretion that relates solely to the time and/or price for the execution of the order), (2) a contractual fiduciary duty, or (3) a contractual obligation to monitor a customer’s account on a regular or periodic basis. While the standard of conduct for broker-dealers and agents in the MA Fiduciary Rule does not apply to investment advisers or investment adviser representatives, investment advisers and investment adviser representatives are separately held to a fiduciary conduct standard under Massachusetts and federal laws. CFS does not permit its financial professionals to take investment discretion in brokerage or agree to a fiduciary duty or to contractually agree to monitor accounts in a brokerage relationship.

Item 8 Other Financial Industry Affiliations

CFS is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Atria Wealth Solutions, Inc. (Atria), a privately-owned company. As a subsidiary of Atria, CFS is affiliated with other financial services companies including CFS Insurance & Technology Services, LLC (CITS), an insurance agency, NEXT Financial Group, Inc. a broker-dealer and SEC Registered Investment Advisor, NEXT Financial Insurance Services Company, an insurance agency, Cadaret, Grant & Co., Inc., a broker-dealer and SEC Registered Investment Advisor, Cadaret, Grant Agency, an insurance agency, Sorrento Pacific Financial, LLC, a broker-dealer, SEC Registered Investment Advisor and insurance agency and Western International Securities, Inc. a broker-dealer, SEC Registered Investment Advisor and an insurance agency.

This Brokerage Services Disclosure Summary is subject to change. CFS may not notify you when these changes are made. To obtain a current version or for additional information, please refer to our website at cusonet.com. If you are unable to access the website or require paper copies of any documents referenced here, please contact your financial professional.